

- In Q3 2023, we responded to 9 significant incidents
- 7 of them were due to vulnerability / weakness exploitation in internet-facing software products
- 2 software products were particularly targeted: Citrix NetScaler & Ivanti Endpoint Manager Mobile (EPMM, formerly MobileIron Core)
- These attacks were quickly detected & mitigation measures implemented
- None of the significant incidents could be attributed to known threat actors or activity clusters



- We analysed 126 malicious activities of interest targeting EU institutions, bodies, and agencies (EUIBAs) or their vicinity
- We released 46 Threat Alerts
- When known, the main motive of the attackers was cyberespionage
- Activities were sighted in 10 sectors of interest, with the 3 most targeted being government, diplomacy & finance



- Attackers targeted at least 33 software products used by EUIBAs
- Vendors of these products include Adobe, Apple, Cisco, Citrix, Fortinet, Ivanti, Microsoft & VMWare
- In addition, a breach affected an IT company delivering services to EUIBAs



- We have been tracking 13 Top Threat Actors (TTAs)
 - However, we did not notice any significant exposure of EUIBAs to these TTAs
- > 33 threat actors were active against EUIBAs or in their vicinity



- Vulnerability exploitation in public facing products for initial access was used at least as often as (spear)phishing
- At a much lower scale, we keep observing activity involving drive-by compromises or the use of removable media as initial access methods in the vicinity of EUIBAs
- The most observed malware strains were FormBook & Agent Tesla